

ДЕПАРТАМЕНТ ОБРАЗОВАНИЯ И НАУКИ ГОРОДА МОСКВЫ

ГОСУДАРСТВЕННОЕ БЮДЖЕТНОЕ ОБЩЕОБРАЗОВАТЕЛЬНОЕ УЧРЕЖДЕНИЕ ГОРОДА МОСКВЫ «ШКОЛА № 1253»

СОГЛАСОВАНО

Методист

С.В.Высотина

ГБОУ ШКОЛА № 12 Директор — Н.А.Акулова

1 2 Директор — Н.А.Акулова

2 2 Директор — Н.А.Акулова

2 2 Директор — Н.А.Акулова

Мониторинг образовательных результатов по английскому языку для поступающих в 11 класс

I. Listening

Look at the questions. Then listen to an instructor in a fitness class.

1 What are the students asked to do at the start of each class?

A register their attendance

B drink plenty of water

C warm-up by dancing

D do some stretching on their own

2 What does the instructor advise students to do during the class?

A pay close attention to the dance steps

B feel and move to the music

C exercise at a comfortable pace

D avoid taking unnecessary breaks

3 What information does the instructor hand out?

A nutrition guidelines

B a class time schedule

C tips to lose weight

D a description of the dance steps

4 What does the instructor believe is the biggest attraction of the class?

A the easy dance steps

B the lively music

C the total body workout

D the atmosphere

5 What does the speaker mean when she says: ***

A Classes will leave you energised.

B Classes are extremely short.

C Classes are very fast-paced.

D Classes seem to pass quickly.

II. Reading. For questions 1-8, choose the correct answer (1 – True, 2 – False or 3 – Not stated).

Graffiti

You can travel almost anywhere in the world, and you will probably see graffiti. Although graffiti is more common in big cities, today you may find it in almost any region or district, big or small. It's everywhere: on trains, walls, bridges and buildings. Love it or hate it but graffiti is part of the everyday urban world. Some people consider it art while others think it's vandalism. However, few of them really know how old graffiti is.

The word graffiti itself probably comes from the old Greek verb which means "to write". Writings on walls already existed in ancient Rome. The Romans cut graffiti on walls and monuments. What was it like, you may ask? Ancient graffiti was absolutely different from today's. It showed phrases of love, political ideas, simple thoughts, magic spells, alphabets, and famous quotations from literature.

Modern graffiti dates back to the US of the 1960s. At that time for young people it was a form of self-expression and a political protest. Teenage groups in New York, for example, painted graffiti to mark their territory. Later, there started competitions between different groups. That meant that the quality of graffiti became more important than just the amount of it.

Today graffiti has travelled all over the world. However, it is still an illegal art. It has been always painted on private or public property like cars, trains, fences and house walls. As a result, most people see it as vandalism. Besides, it's rather hard to clean graffiti paints, and cities spend millions every year on it. So, in most countries graffiti is forbidden.

On the other hand, modern graffiti is, by its nature, a form of painting. After all, artists use the same methods and materials. However, instead of paints graffiti artists prefer sprays, markers and crayons. Some of their works are really impressive and fascinating; they are powerful and have a deep meaning. Graffiti often makes grey walls look cheerful.

The purpose of some graffiti is to spread and declare social ideas. That's why a lot of graffiti paintings have political topics. Some cities have special places where the walls of different buildings can be used to create pieces of graffiti art.

Probably, the most famous graffiti artist is Banksy, who comes from Bristol, England. He strongly believes that writing graffiti on buildings is an effective way to communicate with people. His works are very often aggressive, provocative and even rude. In his graffiti he expresses personal political and social views, which are against war and capitalism.

Banksy is known not only for his graffiti works. He also likes playing "jokes". He sometimes unofficially hangs his works in the main art galleries. He doesn't want to be paid for them because he's sure art should be free. He says he wants to see how long it will take people to notice it.

- 1. There are opposite opinions about graffiti.

 1) True
 2) False
 3) Not stated
- 2. Graffiti appeared in the 20th century.

 1) True

 2) False

 3) Not stated
- **3.** A number of the American graffiti fans later became well-known artists and designers.
 - 1) True 2) False 3) Not stated
- **4.** Removing graffiti is very expensive for the city authorities.
 - 1) True 2) False 3) Not stated

- **5.** Graffiti and art have nothing in common.

 1) True

 2) False

 3) Not stated
- **6.** Politicians use graffiti to express their ideas and views.
 - 1) True 2) False 3) Not stated
 - 7. Banksy uses graffiti to share his ideas.

 1) True 2) False 3) Not stated
- **8.** Banksy donates his works to art galleries and museums.
 - 1) True 2) False 3) Not stated

III. Open the brackets to complete the text

-			
	HCKW	accid	onte
	ULIV	acciu	

Sometimes, scientists know what they
penicillin.
Isaac Newton, who first used maths to describe gravity,
apple
and he
Alexander Fleming discovered penicillin, which was the first antibiotic. It completely changed medicine.
He
on one of his experiments. He analysed it and realised that it
disease. Sometimes luck can be a big help. If these incidents
waited for the two discoveries a much longer time.

IV. Choose the correct answer.

- 1. I can't afford ... a new car.
 - A buying B to buy C bought D will buy
- 2. "Please wait here," she ... to me.
 - A asked B told C said D advised
- 3. Julie ... her computer checked by the time I arrived at her office, so I didn't have to do anything. A had B was having C had had D is having
- 4. My friend ... visiting the museum.
 - A advised B offered C suggested D explained
- 5. ... inventions were on display at the science fair.

	Jerry asked I kn	ew how to dive.		
	A where B who	at C whether D did		
		was going to the Science Museum		
	A asked B tola 8. I'll buy a ticket as s	d C advised D said soon as I my pocket money.		
	A will get B woi			
		ook for his birthday I find some	thing better.	
	A if B unt	il Calthough Dunless		
	10. I'm going to have a	1		
	A am not B aren	't C don't D haven't		
	V. Fill in the sente	ences with the correct word deri	ved from the word in bold	
	1. Hisis	s science not art.	PREFER	
2. In order to be a writer, you must be quite			IMAGINE	
	3. Big Ben is one of the most popular tourist in London. ATTRACT			
	4. The injured patient response	onded well to	TREAT	
	5. I can't understand what t	this note says - it is completely	READ	
	6. Building a human brain	will be one of the greatest	breakthroughs. SCIENCE	
	7. Emma couldn't help being	g of her friend's glamorous lifes	tyle. ENVY	
	8. I really do believe that tra-	vel will your horizons.	BROAD	
	9. Due to compulsory educat	tion, there is now much less in	society. LITERACY	
	10. You're always breaking	things! I'm really fed up with you	r CLUMSY	
	VI. Complete the se	ecand sentence so that it has a si	milar meaning to the first sentence. Use the	
	word given and	other words. Use 2-5 words.	minar meaning to the first sentence. Use the	
1.	. You might be back home ea	arlier than me, so you'd better take	your key with you.	
	CASE You'd better	take your key with you	back home earlier than me.	
2.	. Even though she felt unwell	l, she went to work.		
	OF In	, she went to	work.	
3.	. Nancy will probably pass th	ne exam.		
	LIKELY Nancy	the exam.		
4.	. "It was me who took the last	biscuit," said Ryan.		
	ADMITTED Ryan	•	the last biscuit.	
5.	. My friends all like the new ca			
	POPULAR The new c	afé	my friends.	
6.	. It's your duty to call the supp			
	RESPOSIBLE You		the supplier.	

B Several C Much D Plenty

A Every